

امتحان شهادة التعليم الأساسي

اختبار في مادة اللغة الأجنبية الأولى

المدة : ساعتان

— الإنجليزية —

ماي 2003

People are divided into two categories : those who prefer living in the city and those who like small villages. Those belonging to the first category maintain that life in the city is easier and more enjoyable than that in small villages. There are more shops, stores, cafés, restaurants, youth-clubs, cinemas.

Rachid, who left his village three years ago to study in a big town, is one of those who think that the city is too noisy, the air is polluted, life is too fast and people are less friendly than those of his native village. In addition, life in the city is very costly. You need a lot of money because everything is so expensive. Unlike the city, life in small villages is quite cheap, and people seem to belong to one single family.

When asked about his future plans, Rachid said that he started feeling homesick and that he would like to go back to his village at the end of his studies. But, as it is hard to get a job there, he will certainly have to think a lot before taking any decision.

Section One : Reading Comprehension . (08 pts)

A – Answer the following questions according to the text : (4 pts)

- 1- How many paragraphs are there in the text ? (0,5 pt)
- 2- What does the word « those » , in the following sentence, refer to? (0,5 pt)
« those who prefer living in the city »
- 3- Why did Rachid leave his village ? (1 pt)
- 4- Why do people need more money in the city ? (1 pt)
- 5- Can Rachid get a job in his village? (1 pt)

B – Read the statements and say whether they are « true » or « false ». Justify your answer by quoting from the text. (2 pts)

- 1 – People are divided into four categories.
- 2 – Life is not expensive in the village.

C - Lexis : (2 pts)

1- Find in the text words, phrases or expressions that are closest in meaning to the following. (1 pt)

town =

began =

2- Find in the text words, phrases or expressions that are opposite in meaning to the following. (1 pt)

easy ≠

quiet ≠

Section two : Mastery of Language : (06 pts)

1 - Copy only the irregular verbs on your answer sheet. (1 pt)

like - make - know - say - need - buy - try.

2 - Write the nouns which can be derived from the following verbs. (1 pt)

to live - to choose - to sing - to walk.

3 - Rewrite the following sentence using « he » instead of « you ». (2 pts)

« When you leave school you are not going to return to the village ».

4 - Complete sentence (b) so that it means the same as sentence (a). (2 pts)

1.(a) If you don't have enough money, you can't live in the city.

(b) Unless you

2.(a) Villagers sell their vegetables in the market.

(b) Vegetables

Section three : Written Expression . (06pts)

Choose one of the following two activities

1 - This is a conversation between Redha and Mounir. Complete what Mounir says.

Mounir : _____ ?

Redha : Yesterday I went to the countryside.

Mounir : _____ ?

Redha : It was fine and sunny.

Mounir : _____ ?

Redha : We visited a farm and we saw geese, ducks, chickens, horses and cows.

Mounir : _____ ?

Redha : When I was there, some farmers were ploughing the soil and others were picking fruit.

2 - Do you prefer living in a city or in the countryside ?
Give your arguments.

تكتب الإجابة النموذجية على هذه الورقة ولا تقبل سواها

الإجابة النموذجية لموضوع مقرر لامتحان شهادة التعليم الأساسي دورة : 2003

إختبار مادة : الإنجليزية لغة أولى المدة : ساعتان

الإجابة النموذجية

02

عدد الصفحات :

وسلم التنقيط

مخارج	مخارج	العلامة
الموضوع	مخارج	الموضوع
Section One Reading Comprehension	Section One :	8 pts.
	A —	1 pt
	1 - There are 3. Three paragraphs in the text.	1 pt
	2 - It refers to "people" people The word "those" refers to "people".	1 pt
	3 - To study Rachid (he) left his village to study.	1 pt
	4 - Because everything is so expensive people need more money in the city because everything is so expensive.	1 pt
	5 - No, he can't (get a job in his village).	1 pt
	B —	1 pt
	1 - False (people are divided into two categories)	1 pt
	2 - True (Life in small villages is quite cheap.)	1 pt
	C —	1 pt ← 1/2 pt each
	Synonyms: 1 - City 2 - started.	1 pt ← 1/2 pt each
	Opposites: 1. difficult 2 - noisy.	
Section Two Mastery of Language		6 pts
	1 - make - know - say - buy. (1 pt)	1/2 pt each
	2 - Life - Choice - Song - walk. (1 pt)	1/2 pt each
	3 - When <u>he</u> <u>leaves</u> school <u>he is</u> not going to return to the village.	1/2 pt each
	4 (b) Unless you have enough money, you can't live in the city.	1/2 pt

ش ت ا		اختبار مادة : الإنجليزية الصف الأول	تابع الإجابة النموذجية	مخارج
العلامة		عناصر الإجابة		الموضوع
المجموع	مجزأة			
	1pt	be - Vegetables are sold in the market.		
6pts.		Activity One: Question₁: What did you do yesterday? Where did you go yesterday? Where were you yesterday? Question₂: What was the weather like there? Question₃: What did you do there? Did you visit any farms? What did you see? Question₄: Did you meet any farmers? What were the farmers doing? Activity Two: 2pt for relevance. 2pt for Coherence 1pt for grammatical accuracy. 1pt for punctuation / Capitalization.		
			Section Three	Written Expression.